



Year One Science: Seasons



Winter

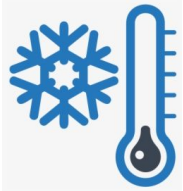
DECEMBER

JANUARY

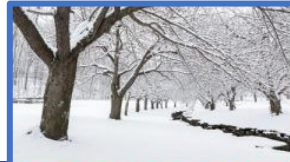
FEBRUARY



In winter the days get shorter because the sun sets earlier and rises later.



The temperature is colder and sometimes it freezes or even snows.



Spring

MARCH

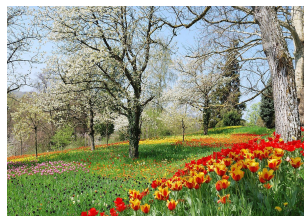
APRIL

MAY

In spring the days start to get longer and the temperature gets warmer.



This is when flowers bloom, green leaves start to grow again and fruit trees grow blossom.



In summer the days are long because the sun sets later and rises earlier.

Summer

JUNE

JULY

AUGUST

Lots of insects like butterflies, ladybirds and bees come out.



Autumn

SEPTEMBER

OCTOBER

NOVEMBER

The weather starts to get colder and the days get shorter.



Leaves on deciduous trees turn orange and brown then fall off.

Key vocabulary

seasons	Changes in weather conditions throughout the year
weather	How it feels outside, is it hot, cold, wet, dry, bright, dark
deciduous	Trees that lose their leaves in autumn
evergreen	Trees that have needles. These needles stay on the tree all year
temperature	How hot or cold a place is
environment	Natural world outside
investigate	To discover and find something out
climate change	Long term changes in weather and temperature

